

Towards Interactive High-Performance Computing with ALCF JupyterHub

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Outline

- Project Jupyter
- What you can do with Jupyter?
- Jupyter/IPython basics
- Introduction to markdown, magic, widgets
- Introduction to ALCF JupyterHub
- Live Demos
 - New kernel installation
 - ezCobalt: how to submit jobs
 - ezBalsam: how to use Balsam

Disclaimer

- This webinar will not cover:
 - low level details about queuing or ensembling jobs or creating Balsam workflows, etc. covered in a previous webinar
 - using Jupyter through an ssh tunnel, reverse proxy, or remote kernels
 - using Dask, Spark, Kubernetes, or a container for distributed computing
 - accessing compute nodes directly
- ALCF JupyterHub is a new service and improving rapidly. You can send an email to support@alcf.anl.gov (cc: keceli@anl.gov) for problems and suggestions.

Project Jupyter

- Started in 2014, as an IPython spin-off project led by Fernando Perez to "develop open-source software, open-standards, and services for interactive computing".
- Inspired by Galileo's notebooks and languages used in scientific software: Julia, Python, and R.



Jupyter X

Jupyter Notebook



JupyterLab



jupyter {book}



What you can do?

- Interactive development environment
 - Fast code prototyping, test new ideas easily
 - Most languages are supported through Jupyter kernels
- Learn or teach with notebooks
 - Prepare tutorials, run demos
- Data analysis and visualization
- Presentations with Reveal.js
- Interactive work on HPC centers or cloud
 - JupyterHub
 - Google Colab
 - Binder

Basics (Shortcuts)

• Esc/Enter get in command/edit mode

Command mode	Edit mode
h show (edit) all shortcuts	shift enter Run cell, select below
a/b insert cell above/below	cmd/ctrl enter Run cell
c/x copy/cut selected cell	tab completion or indent
V/v paste cell above/below	shift tab tooltip
d,d delete cell	cmd/ctrl d delete line
y/m/r code/markdown/raw mode	cmd/ctrl a selectall
f search, replace	cmd/ctrl z undo
p open the command palette	<pre>cmd/ctrl / comment</pre>

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In [6]:

import os
os.getenv??
#help('modules')
#help('modules mpi4py')

Markdown

- bullet list
 - subbullet
- equation: $E = mc^2$
- inline code echo hello jupyter `
- A link
- Table

Col 1	Col 2	Col 3
1, 1	1,2	1,3
2, 1	2,2	2,3
3, 1	3,2	3,3



IPython Magic

- Magic functions are prefixed by % (line magic) or %% (cell magic)
- Cell magic %% should be at the first line
- Shell commands are prefixed by !
- %quickref : Quick reference card for IPython
- %magic : Info on IPython magic functions
- %debug : Interactive debugger
- %timeit : Report time execution
- %prun: Profile (%lprun is better, pip install lprun and %load_ext line_profiler)

In [7]: %magic

In [7]:	%magic
In [60]:	<pre>import numpy as np a = [1]*1000 %timeit sum(a) b = np.array(a) %timeit np.sum(a) %timeit np.sum(b)</pre>

10000 loops, best of 5: 7.51 μ s per loop The slowest run took 145.08 times longer than the fastest. This could mean that an intermediate result is being cached. 10000 loops, best of 5: 106 μ s per loop The slowest run took 5.23 times longer than the fastest. This could mean t hat an intermediate result is being cached. 100000 loops, best of 5: 7.14 μ s per loop

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- Enables using sliders, text boxes, buttons, and more that can link input and output.

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In [2]: ipywidgets.Text(value='Hello Jupyter!', disabled=False)

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ALCF JupyterHub

- If you are an ALCF user, you can log in to Jupyter Hub at https://jupyter.alcf.anl.gov using your ALCF credentials.
- If not, check https://alcf.anl.gov/support-center/get-started
- Jupyter Hub instances runs on an external servers, but not on login, mom, or compute nodes.
- Servers have 16 core Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2683 and 512 GB memory and reserved for data analytics and visualization, not simulations.



ALCF JupyterHub

- JupyterHub for Cooley :
 - runs on jupyter01.mcp.alcf.anl.gov
 - has access to the user's home folder /home/\$USER, the Mira projects folder /projects, and the Theta project folder /lus/theta-fs0/projects
 - submitted jobs will run on Cooley
- JupyterHub for Theta:
 - runs on jupyter02.mcp.alcf.anl.gov
 - has access to your home folder /home/\$USER and projects folder
 /lus/theta-fs0/projects *
 - does not have access to /opt/cray, /opt/intel, etc., that is, you cannot use any Theta modules or any Cray libraries.
 - Submitted jobs will run on Theta

Notes

- JupyterHub starts on your home folder, to access project folders, you can create a symbolic link !ln -s /project/my_project my_project
- If you have a broken symlink on your home directory, JupyterHub gives a server error with permission denied message. You need to clean up / fix the broken symbolink links.
- When you exceed your file quota, you may also experience problems. Check with myquota.
- To run JupyterLab on JupyterHub, modify the link to https://jupyter.alcf.anl.gov/cooley/user/\$USER/lab
- Documentation is available at https://www.alcf.anl.gov/support-center/theta/jupyterhub

How to install a new Conda environment & Jupyter kernel

Step 0

• Check the names of the existing environments & kernels:

```
!conda env list
!jupyter kernelspec list
```

- Select a name for the new environment & kernel.
- Using a prefix such as jhub_ is helpful to distinguish JupyterHub environments from others.

```
ENVNAME="jhub_demo"
```

Step 1

• Create a new environment

!conda create -y --name \$ENVNAME

• Or, create a new environment with a different python version

!conda create -y --name \$ENVNAME python=3.8

• Or, create a new environment with a clone of the base environment (recommended)

!conda create -y --name \$ENVNAME --clone base

A step backward

• If you want change the env name, you may need to remove the environment

!conda env remove -y --name \$ENVNAME

Step 2

• Install new packages with conda, or pip

!source activate \$ENVNAME; conda install -y -c conda-forge rise

!source activate \$ENVNAME; pip install balsam-flow

• Or, if you didn't clone from the base, you need to install the following packages additionally:

!source activate \$ENVNAME; conda install -y jupyter nb_conda
ipykernel

Step 3

• Install the kernel for Jupyter

!source activate \$ENVNAME;python -m ipykernel install --user --name
\$ENVNAME

Final steps

- Refresh the browser or open a new notebook.
- Select the new Kernel from the top dropdownlist
- When you need to install another package, you only need to run the following steps

ENVNAME='jhub_demo'
!source activate \$ENVNAME; conda install -y <any_conda_package>
!source activate \$ENVNAME; pip install -c <any pypi package>

Notes

Check the installation with

```
!conda list
import <any_package>
print(<any_package>.__file__)
print(<any_package>.__version__)
```

• Do not use environments installed on JupyterHub elsewhere.

Clean up

- You may run out of space quickly, check with myquota.
- You can run **conda clean** to remove index cache, lock files, tarballs, unused cache packages, and source cache

```
!conda clean --all -y
```

• To remove an environment and the kernel you don't need:

```
!conda env remove -y -n $ENVNAME
!jupyter kernelspec uninstall -y $ENVNAME
```

Resources

- Fernando Perez's Project Jupyter presentation
- jupyter.org
 - Check out Voilà, Jupyter Lab, Jupyter Book
- Jupyter tutorial
- Version control for Jupyter
- ALCF ML tutorials
- More ALCF notebooks





- Thank you all for attending
- Thanks to Misha, Alvaro, and Ray for their feedback and suggestions
- Thanks to Tommie for running and maintaining JupyterHub servers
- Thanks to Gurunath for working together during the summer
- Thanks to Venkat, Tom, and Mike for motivation and support

Live Demo

• All materials are at https://github.com/keceli/ezHPC

git clone https://github.com/keceli/ezHPC

